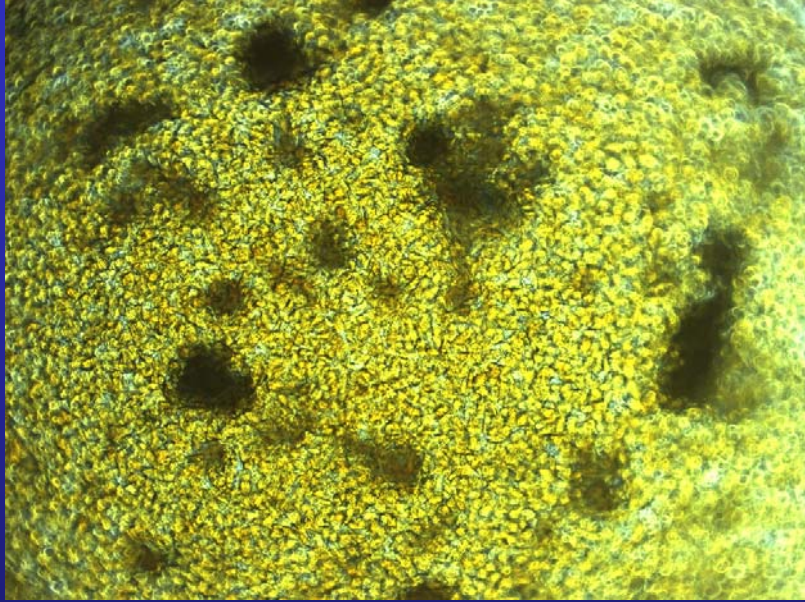
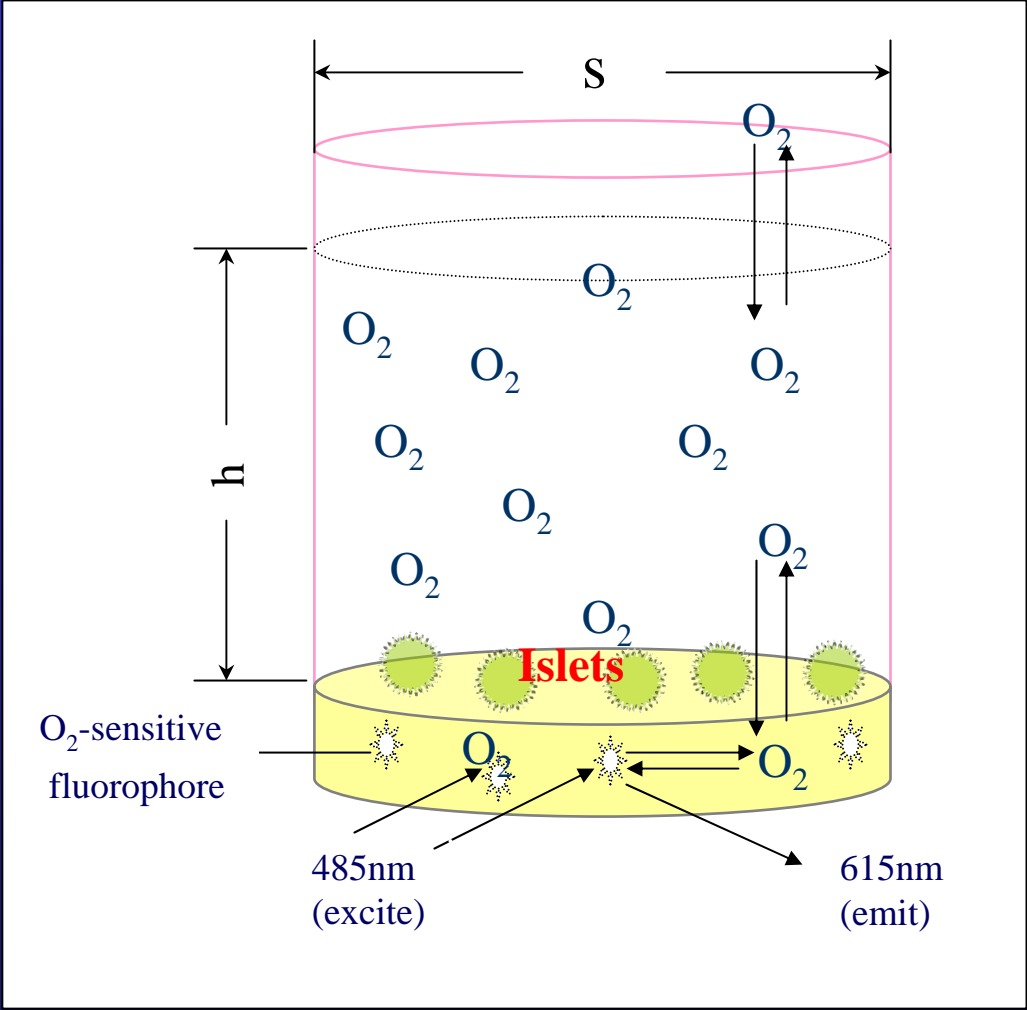


# **BD<sup>TM</sup> Oxygen Biosensor System: Capabilities/Limitations**

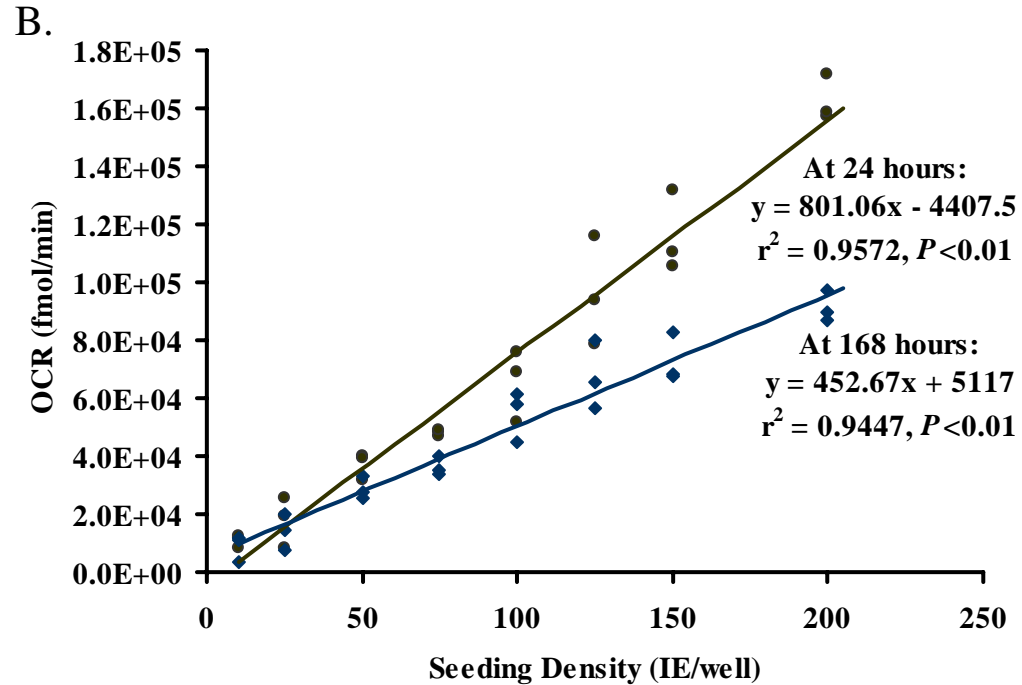
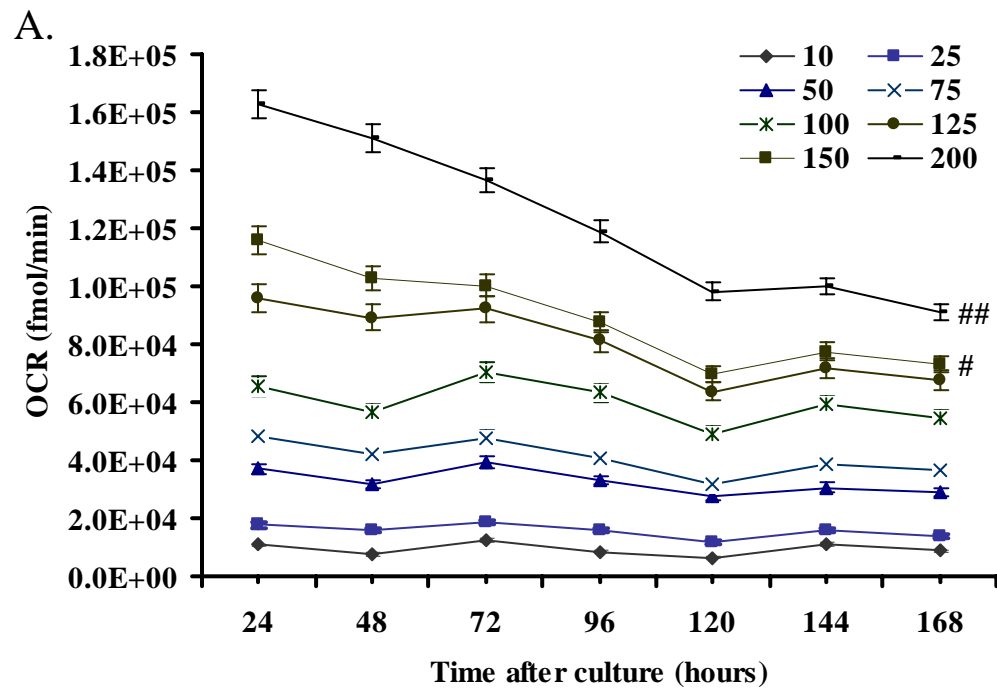
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**JoAnna Reems, PhD  
Puget Sound Blood Center**

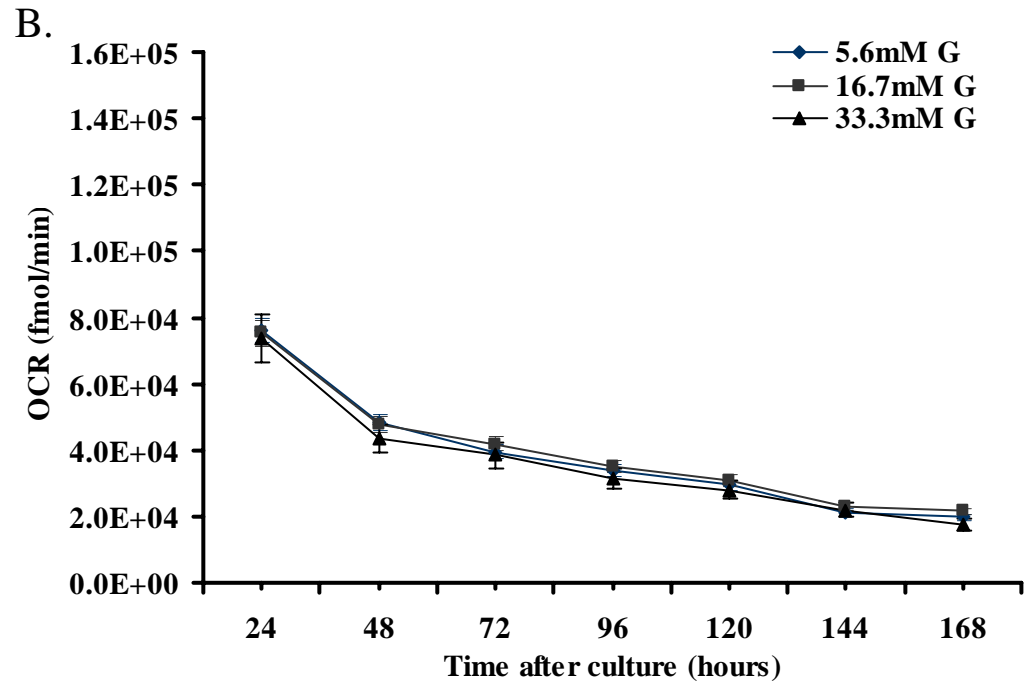
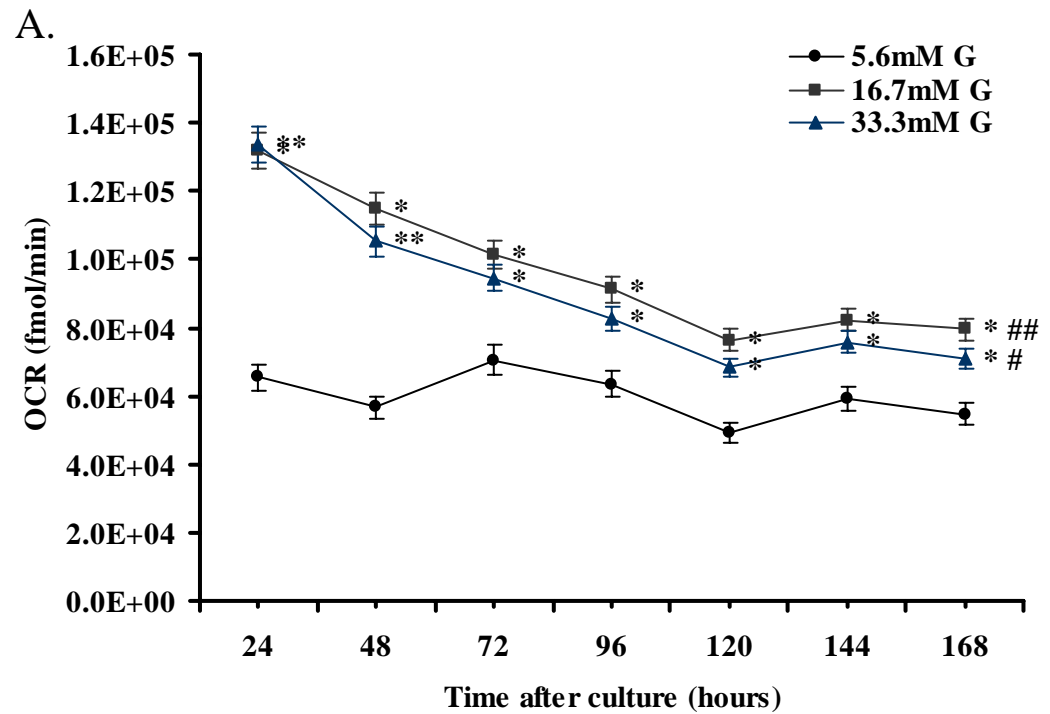
# Oxygen Biosensor System (OBS)



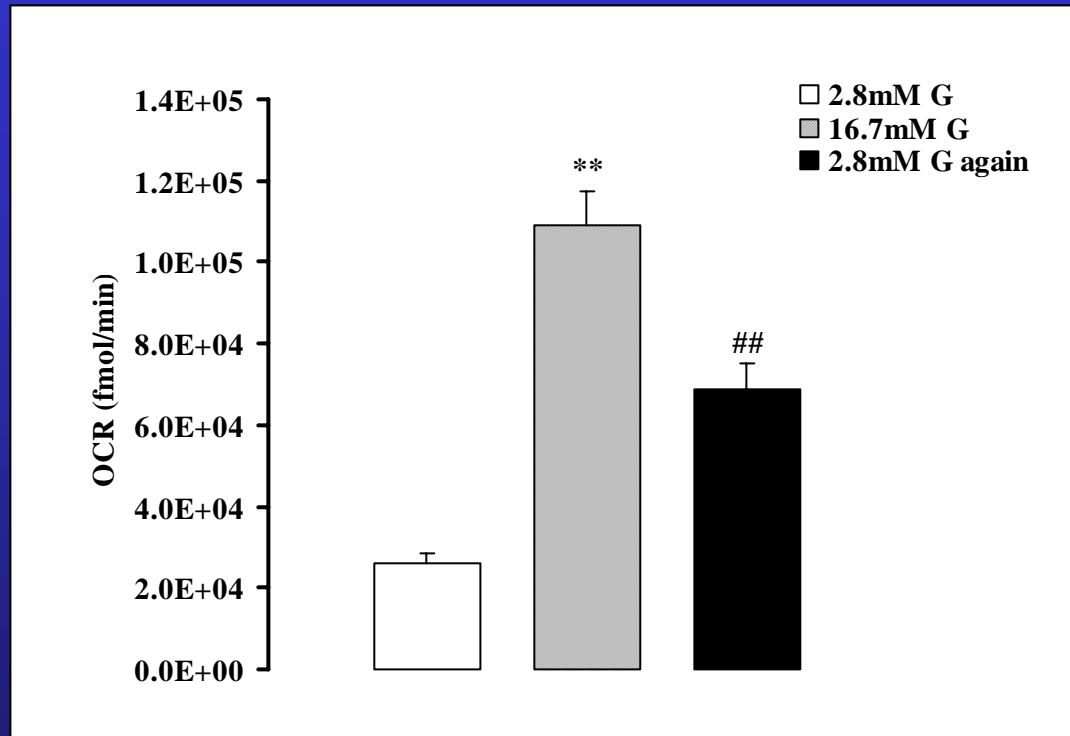
# Effect of Seeding Density (non-human primate)



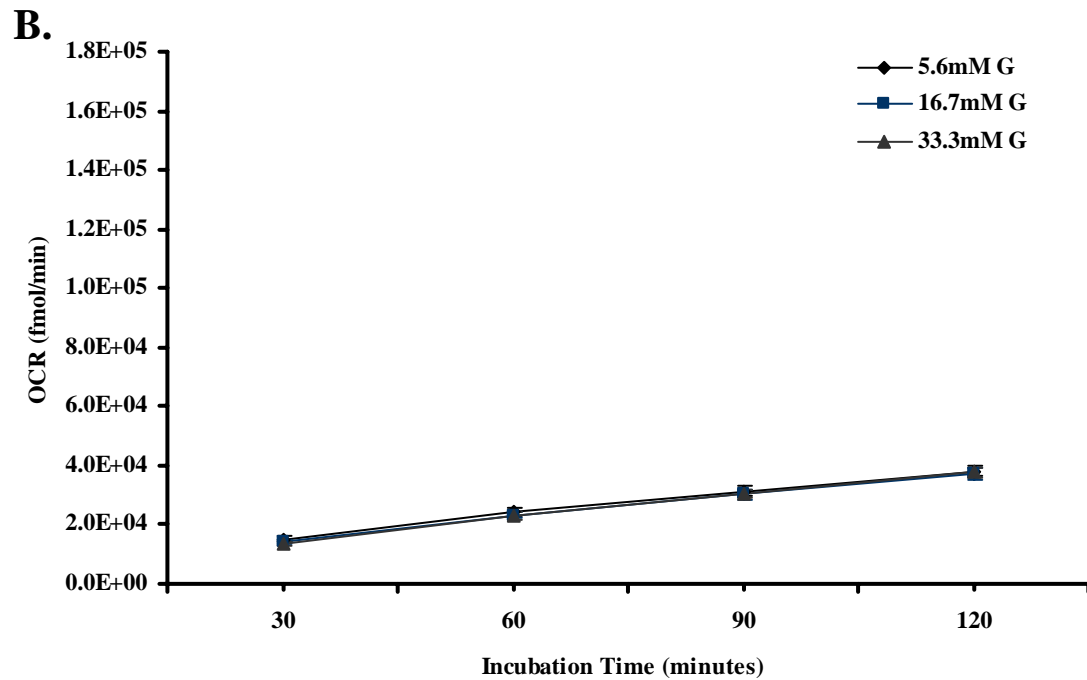
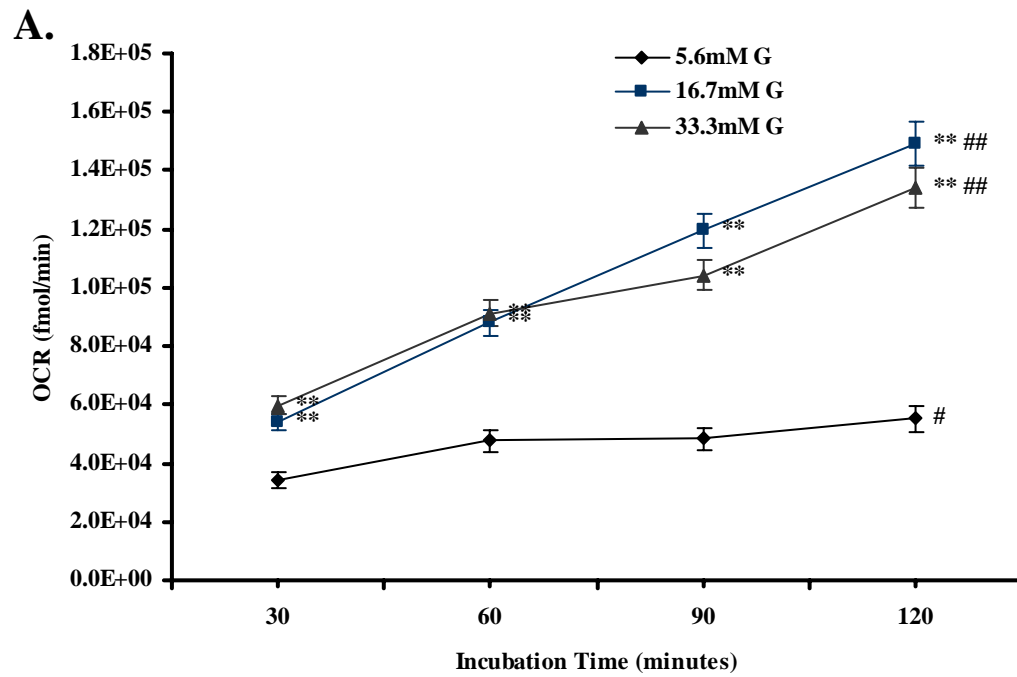
# Effect of [Glucose] (non-human primate)



# Effect of [Glucose] (non-human primate)

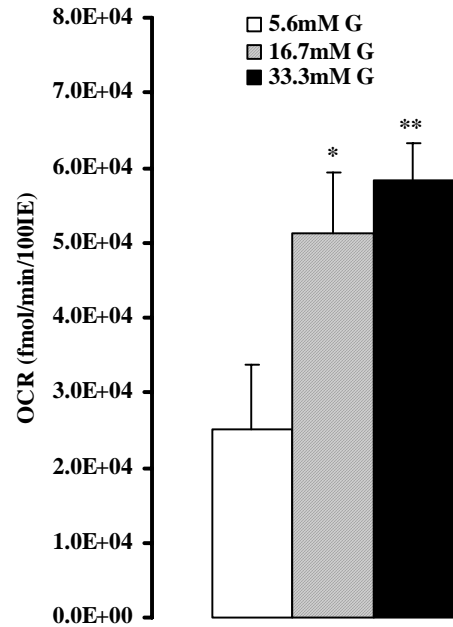


# Effect of [Glucose] (human islets)

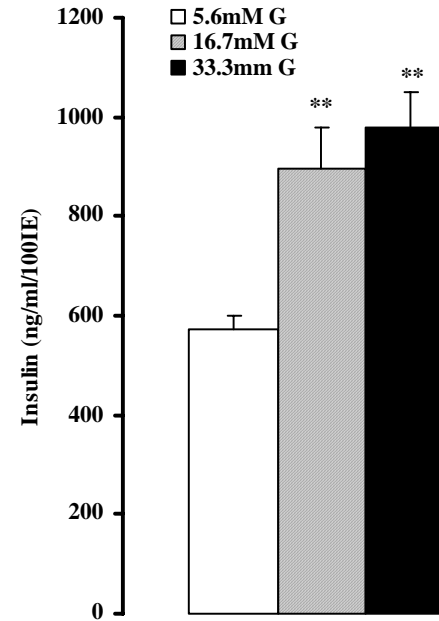


# Insulin Secretion and OCR (human islets)

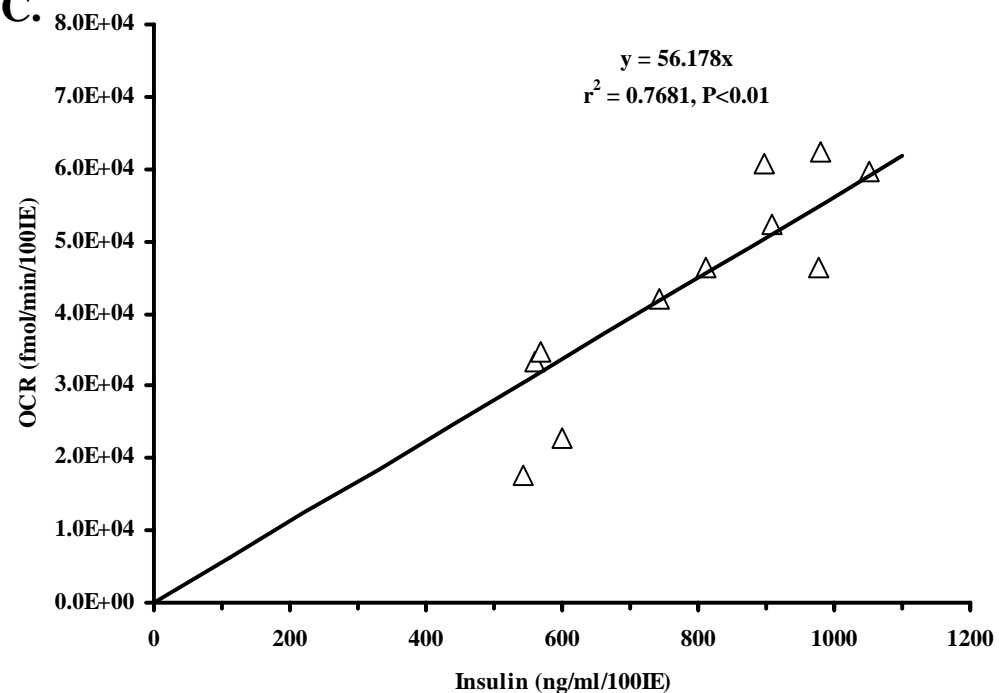
A.



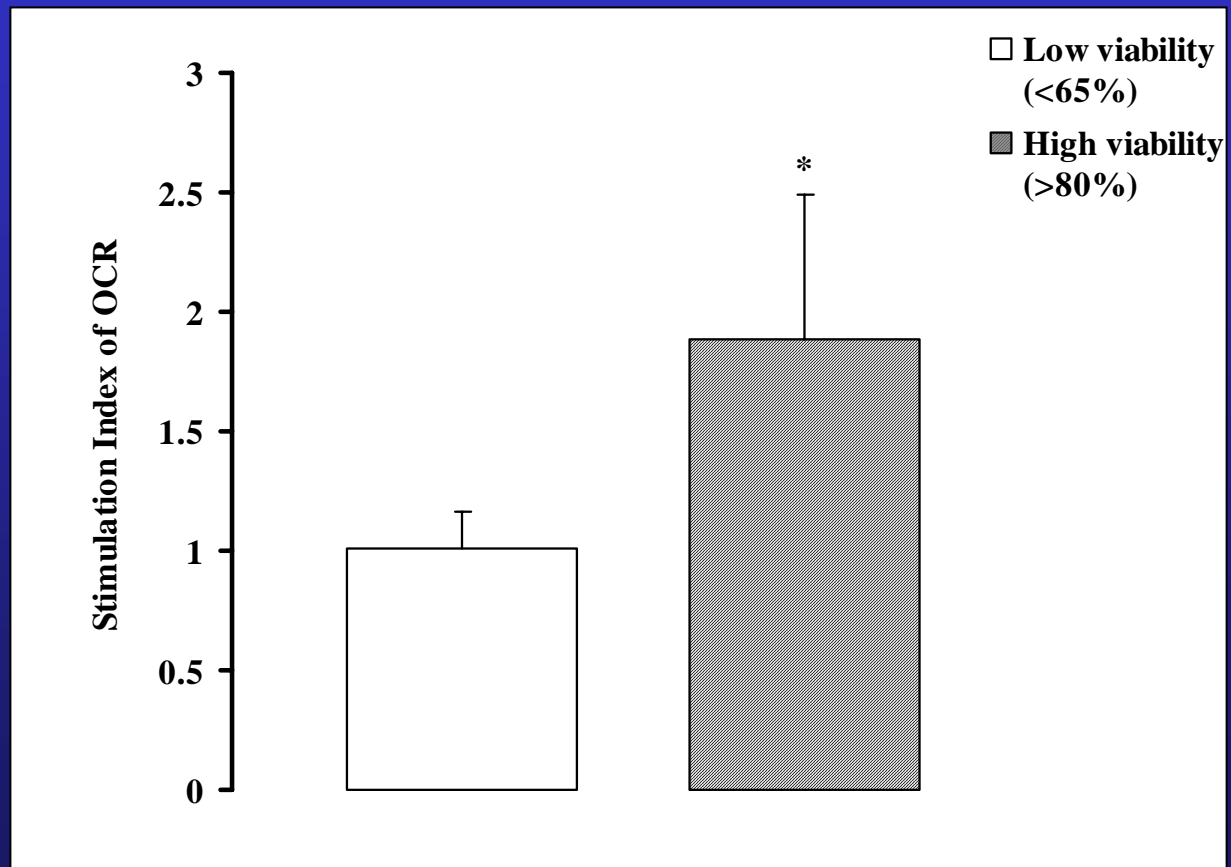
B.



C.



# High vs. Low viability islets (human)





# Summary

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- Seeding densities correlate with OCR
- Glucose stimulated OCRs are measurable with human islets. BD system has the sensitivity to distinguish between islets with high and low viability.
- Real-time kinetic measurements readily achievable.
- Simultaneous measurements of OCR and insulin secretion.

# Current Studies

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**Is the BDTM Oxygen Biosensor System  
an effective approach for quickly  
assessing the functional viability of islets  
prior to transplantation?**

# Acknowledgement

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**Ariel Munsey**